

Investigation of inter-correlations between fatty acids (FA) and total fat (FAT) in milk and the effect on prediction performance using FT-IR and PLS



Carl Emil Eskildsen¹, Morten A. Rasmussen¹, Lotte Bach Larsen², Nina Aagaard Poulsen², Thomas Skov¹

¹Department of Food Science, SCIENCE, University of Copenhagen, Denmark ²Department of Food Science, Aarhus University, Denmark carle@life.ku.dk

Objectives

Investigate whether individual fatty acids (FA) can be predicted independently of total fat (FAT) using FT-IR and PLS

Conclusions

This study finds that the correlations between FA and FAT cannot be neglected when predicting the FA profile of milk. This fact should be taken into account if building/using calibration models for FA predictions

Background

The dairy industry is showing increasing interest in high-throughput methods to predict detailed milk composition including FA profile of milk

SAMPLES: measured with GC in 890 milk samples. Further, FT-IR spectra were recorded for all samples

FAT dependent part and FAT independent part of FA predictions

Residuals $\widehat{y}_{FAT} = X \cdot b_{FAT}$ $X_o = (I - \widehat{y}_{FAT} \cdot \widehat{y}_{FAT}^{+}) \cdot X \%$ $X_{FAT} = X - X_0$

Prediction related to FAT

100 Prediction unrelated to FAT C14:0 C16:0 C18:1 cis-9

predicts FA independently of FAT

SAMPLES: 17

 \widehat{y}_{FA}

replicates) were spiked with

match FA. The second

Predictions of FA in milk can be

split into two parts. A FAT related

part (blue arrows) predicting FAT

with a slope correction (a) to

Break FA Predictions
into Sum of Squares (SS) $y_{FA} = X \cdot b_{FA} + e$ $y_{FA} = (X_{FAT} + X_o) \cdot b_{FA} + e$ $y_{FA} = X_{FAT} \cdot b_{FA} + X_o \cdot b_{FA} + e$ $SS_{FA} = SS_{X_{FAT} \cdot b_{FA}} + SS_{X_o \cdot b_{FA}} + SS_e$

It is found that FAT has major impact on FA predictions in milk samples

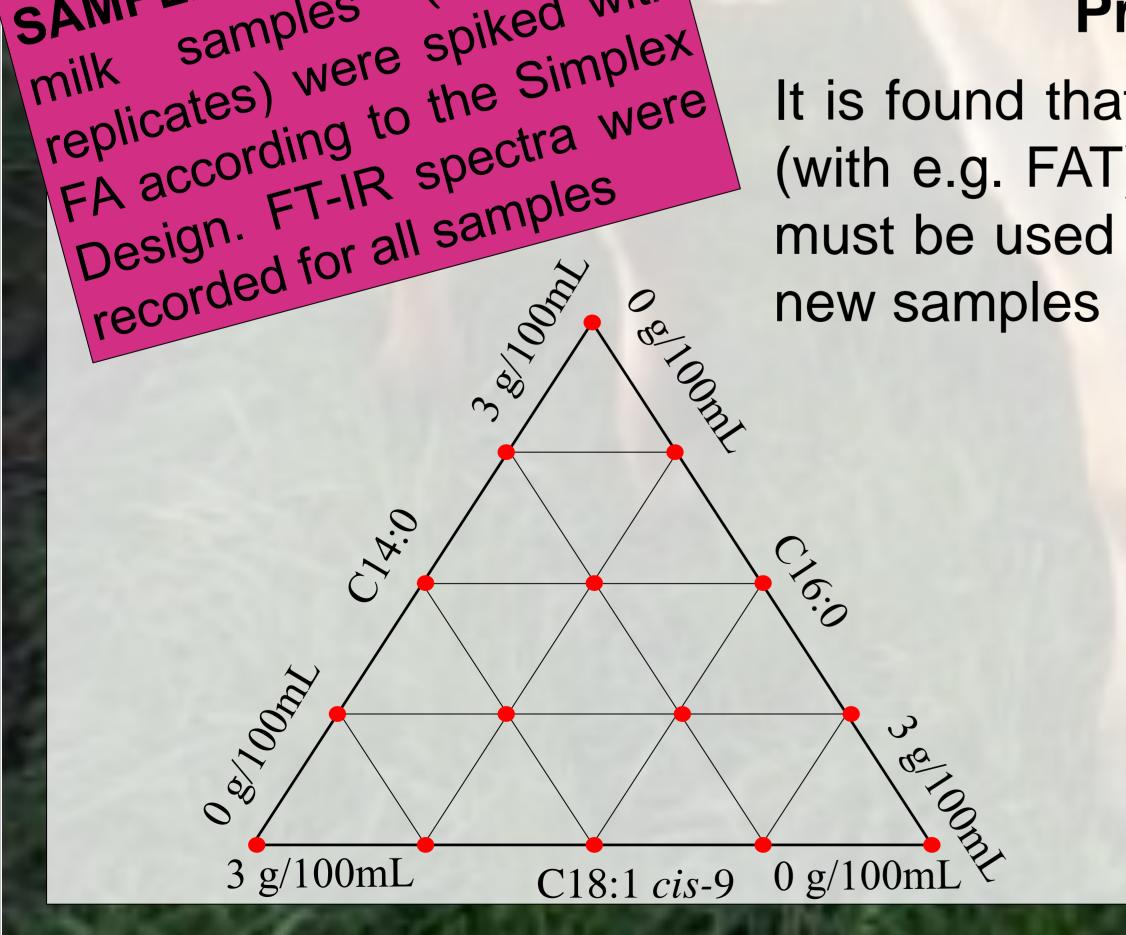
Predicting FA in Spiked Milk Samples

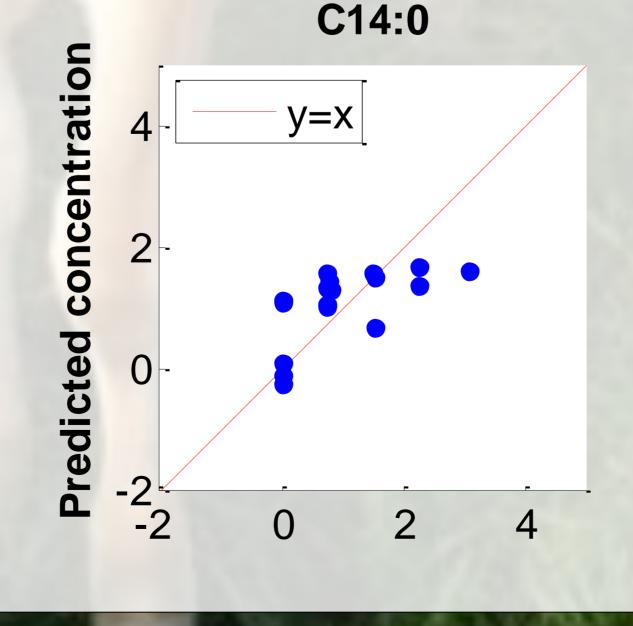
FAT

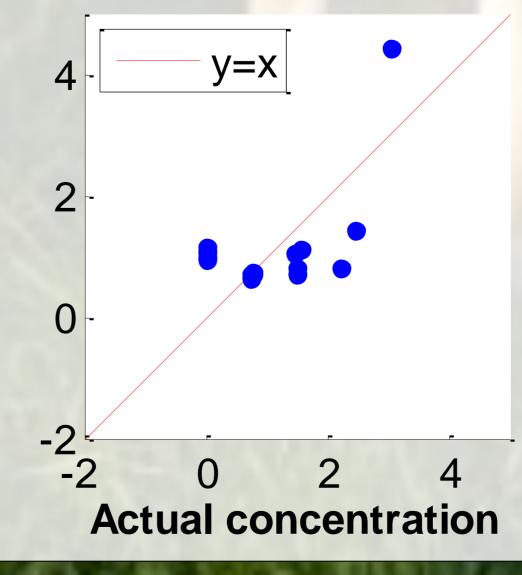
unrelated

It is found that FA in milk cannot be predicted independently of inter-correlation relationships (with e.g. FAT) using FT-IR and PLS. Calibration models made to predict FA in milk samples must be used with extra care and it is strictly important that the models are updated to match

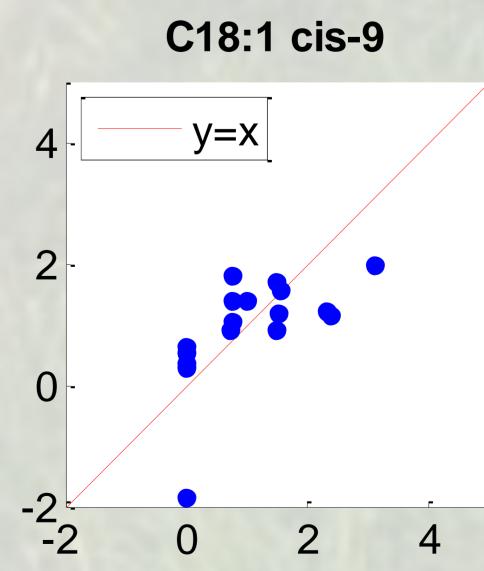
Residuals







C16:0







related





